



Economic Overview

Midlands



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Demographic Profile

The population in the Midlands was 739,836 per American Community Survey data for 2018-2022.

The region has a civilian labor force of 373,830 with a participation rate of 64.0%. Of individuals 25 to 64 in the Midlands, 38.9% have a bachelor's degree or higher which compares with 36.5% in the nation.

The median household income in the Midlands is \$66,715 and the median house value is \$217,991.

Summary¹

	Percent			Value		
	Midlands	Central WIOA	South Carolina	Midlands	Central WIOA	South Carolina
Demographics						
Population (ACS)	—	—	—	739,836	1,472,574	5,212,774
Male	48.4%	48.4%	48.7%	357,907	712,795	2,537,456
Female	51.6%	51.6%	51.3%	381,929	759,779	2,675,318
Median Age ²	—	—	—	36.8	38.8	40.1
Under 18 Years	22.2%	22.3%	21.6%	164,092	328,558	1,127,062
18 to 24 Years	11.6%	9.9%	9.1%	86,156	145,561	475,338
25 to 34 Years	13.8%	12.9%	12.9%	101,900	189,710	671,642
35 to 44 Years	12.8%	12.9%	12.4%	94,856	189,540	647,392
45 to 54 Years	12.1%	12.4%	12.2%	89,345	182,743	634,490
55 to 64 Years	12.3%	12.8%	13.3%	91,094	188,663	693,281
65 to 74 Years	9.5%	10.3%	11.3%	70,046	152,100	589,960
75 Years and Over	5.7%	6.5%	7.2%	42,347	95,699	373,609
Race: White	54.2%	58.4%	64.1%	401,263	859,380	3,339,447
Race: Black or African American	34.4%	31.3%	25.3%	254,576	460,613	1,318,630
Race: American Indian and Alaska Native	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%	1,677	4,166	16,823
Race: Asian	2.5%	2.2%	1.7%	18,669	32,276	89,723
Race: Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	603	735	3,642
Race: Some Other Race	2.6%	2.1%	2.7%	19,323	31,215	142,798
Race: Two or More Races	5.9%	5.7%	5.8%	43,725	84,189	301,711
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	6.7%	6.4%	7.1%	49,656	94,137	368,900
Population Growth						
Population (Pop Estimates) ⁴	—	—	—	755,088	1,508,775	5,373,555
Population Annual Average Growth ⁴	0.9%	1.0%	1.2%	6,149	14,611	60,709
People per Square Mile ⁴	—	—	—	352.4	191.9	178.7
Economic						
Labor Force Participation Rate and Size (civilian population 16 years and over)	64.0%	62.2%	60.2%	373,830	727,909	2,513,298
Prime-Age Labor Force Participation Rate and Size (civilian population 25-54)	82.8%	82.5%	81.6%	232,872	458,599	1,577,860
Work from Home	10.2%	11.1%	10.0%	36,358	76,107	237,424
Armed Forces Labor Force	1.8%	1.0%	0.9%	10,702	12,086	39,412
Veterans, Age 18-64	7.0%	6.2%	5.8%	31,712	55,236	180,043
Veterans Labor Force Participation Rate and Size, Age 18-64	72.2%	73.0%	74.3%	22,902	40,341	133,696
Median Household Income ²	—	—	—	\$66,715	\$68,035	\$66,818
Per Capita Income	—	—	—	\$37,704	\$37,634	\$37,993
Mean Commute Time (minutes)	—	—	—	24.5	26.0	25.6
Commute via Public Transportation	0.6%	0.5%	0.4%	2,130	3,357	10,086
Educational Attainment, Age 25-64						
No High School Diploma	7.8%	8.7%	9.6%	29,308	65,492	254,842
High School Graduate	22.8%	25.2%	27.4%	86,127	189,086	724,281
Some College, No Degree	21.1%	20.4%	20.2%	79,406	153,368	534,191

Summary¹

	Percent			Value		
	Midlands	Central WIOA	South Carolina	Midlands	Central WIOA	South Carolina
Associate's Degree	9.5%	10.3%	10.5%	35,757	76,963	276,602
Bachelor's Degree	23.5%	21.9%	20.6%	88,565	164,609	544,605
Postgraduate Degree	15.4%	13.5%	11.8%	58,032	101,138	312,284
Housing						
Total Housing Units	—	—	—	327,027	650,253	2,401,638
Median House Value (of owner-occupied units) ^{2,5}	—	—	—	\$217,991	\$230,885	\$236,700
Homeowner Vacancy	0.9%	0.9%	1.0%	1,834	3,712	15,717
Rental Vacancy	5.1%	5.1%	8.3%	5,247	9,166	54,196
Renter-Occupied Housing Units (% of Occupied Units)	32.4%	28.8%	28.6%	95,575	167,506	591,532
Owner-Occupied Housing Units (% of Occupied Units)	67.6%	71.2%	71.4%	199,295	414,589	1,478,858
Occupied Housing Units with No Vehicle Available (% of Occupied Units)	5.9%	5.7%	5.7%	17,284	33,187	117,832
Social						
Poverty Level (of all people)	14.6%	14.2%	14.2%	103,466	202,140	719,720
Households Receiving Food Stamps/SNAP	10.5%	11.0%	10.5%	30,846	63,895	217,015
Enrolled in Grade 12 (% of total population)	1.3%	1.3%	1.2%	9,494	18,506	64,573
Disconnected Youth ³	1.4%	2.8%	2.9%	639	2,309	8,046
Children in Single Parent Families (% of all children)	39.0%	39.1%	38.4%	59,766	120,231	404,096
Uninsured	8.8%	8.9%	10.0%	63,310	128,324	510,757
With a Disability, Age 18-64	12.1%	11.6%	12.0%	53,446	100,850	366,706
With a Disability, Age 18-64, Labor Force Participation Rate and Size	47.0%	44.1%	42.6%	25,107	44,522	156,318
Foreign Born	5.8%	5.3%	5.6%	43,080	78,599	293,556
Speak English Less Than Very Well (population 5 yrs and over)	2.9%	2.5%	3.0%	20,045	35,181	150,169

Source: [JobsEQ®](#)

1. American Community Survey 2019-2023, unless noted otherwise

2. Median values for certain aggregate regions (such as MSAs) may be estimated as the weighted averages of the median values from the composing counties.

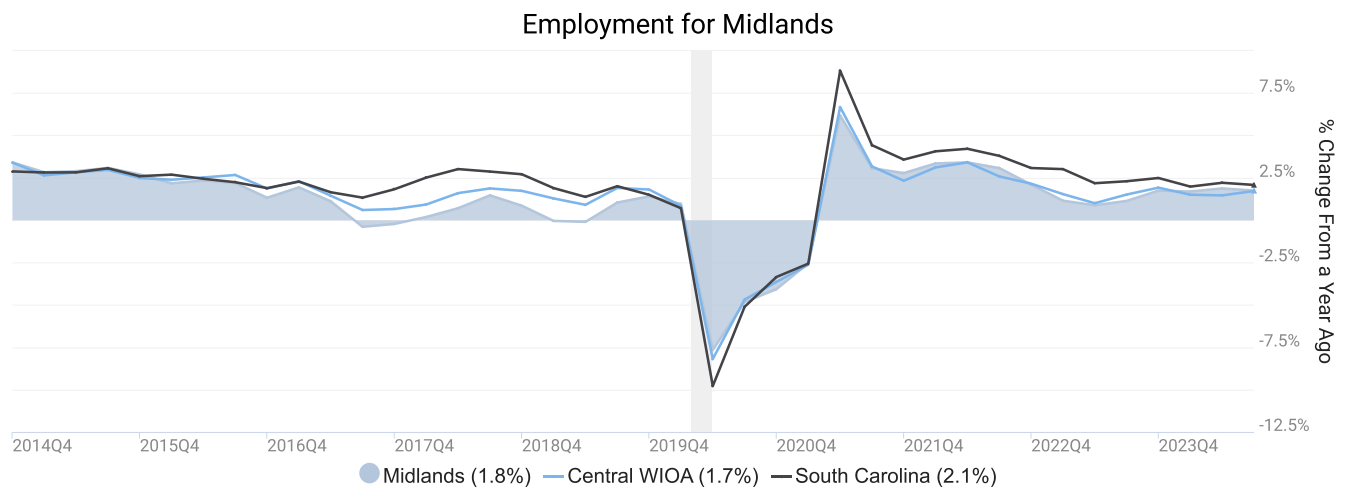
3. Disconnected Youth are 16-19 year olds who are (1) not in school, (2) not high school graduates, and (3) either unemployed or not in the labor force.

4. Census Population Estimate for 2023, annual average growth rate since 2013.

5. The Census's method for calculating median house values changed with the 2022 data set, so pre-2022 values are not directly comparable with later data.

Employment Trends

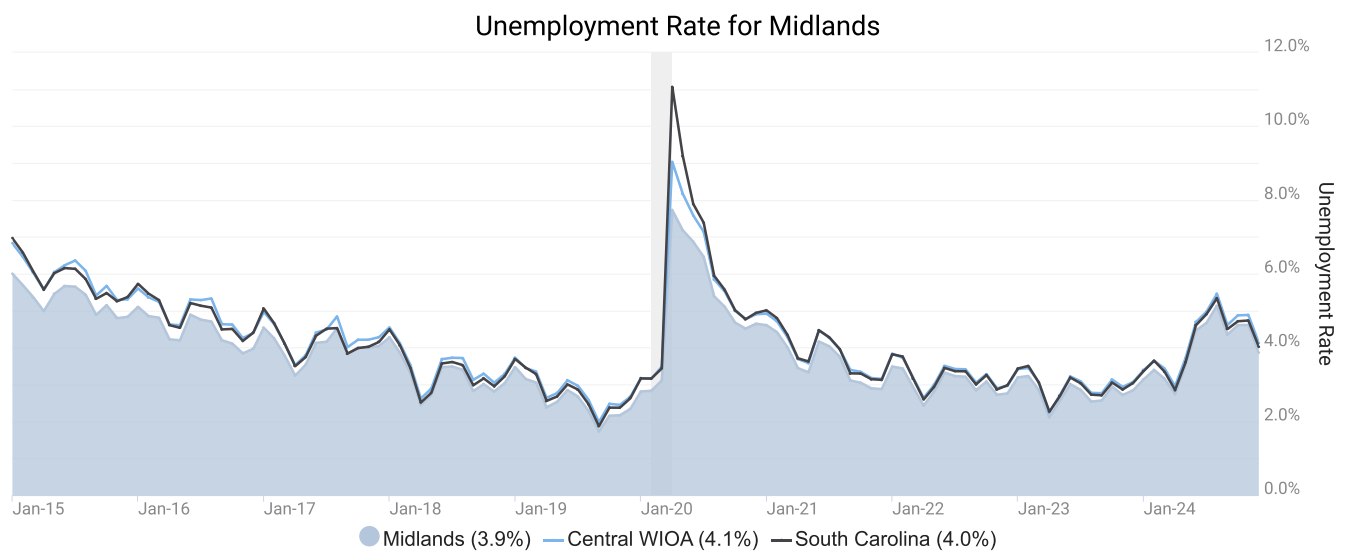
As of 2024Q3, total employment for the Midlands was 389,152 (based on a four-quarter moving average). Over the year ending 2024Q3, employment increased 1.8% in the region.



Employment data are derived from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and imputed where necessary. Data are updated through 2024Q2 with preliminary estimates updated to 2024Q3.

Unemployment Rate

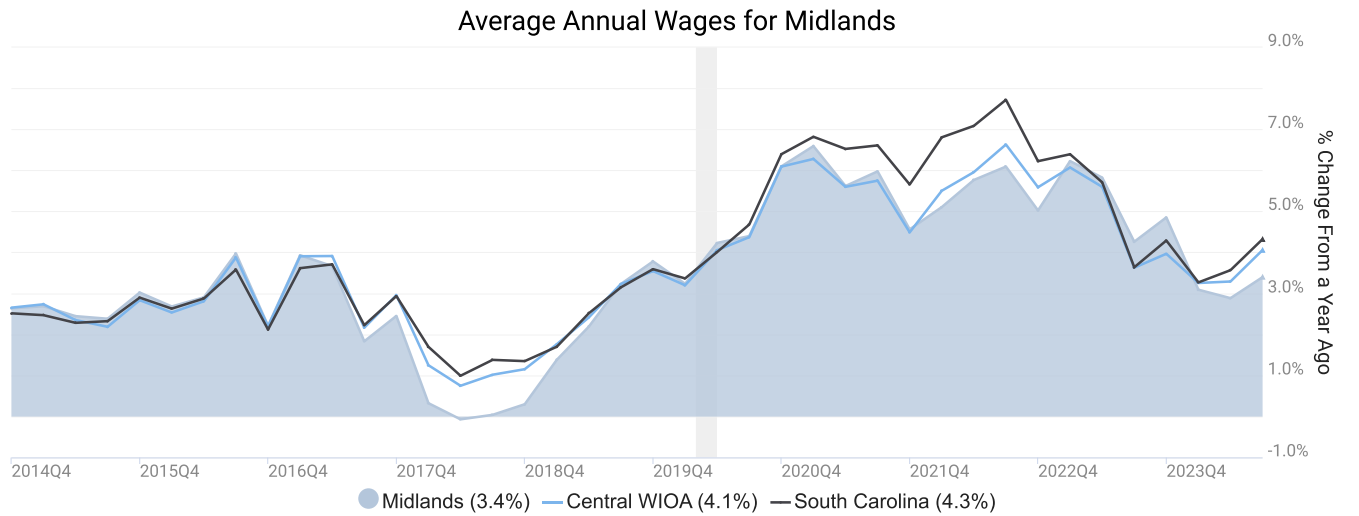
The unemployment rate for the Midlands was 3.9% as of December 2024. The regional unemployment rate was the same as the national rate of 3.9%. One year earlier, in December 2023, the unemployment rate in the Midlands was 2.8%.



Unemployment rate data are from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics, provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and updated through December 2024.

Wage Trends

The average worker in the Midlands earned annual wages of \$57,960 as of 2024Q3. Average annual wages per worker increased 3.4% in the region over the preceding four quarters. For comparison purposes, annual average wages were \$72,609 in the nation as of 2024Q3.



Annual average wages per worker data are derived from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and imputed where necessary. Data are updated through 2024Q2 with preliminary estimates updated to 2024Q3.

Cost of Living Index

The Cost of Living Index estimates the relative price levels for consumer goods and services. When applied to wages and salaries, the result is a measure of relative purchasing power. The cost of living is 10.5% lower in Midlands than the U.S. average.

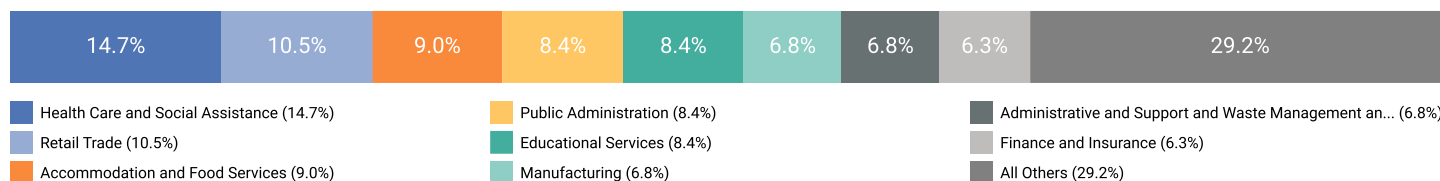
Cost of Living Information			
	Annual Average Salary	Cost of Living Index (Base US)	US Purchasing Power
Midlands	\$57,960	89.5	\$64,725
Central WIOA	\$57,794	90.1	\$64,161
South Carolina	\$58,378	92.8	\$62,941
USA	\$72,609	100.0	\$72,609

Source: [JobsEQ®](#)
Data as of 2024Q3
Cost of Living per [COLI](#), data as of 2024Q4, imputed by Chmura where necessary.

Industry Snapshot

The largest sector in the Midlands is Health Care and Social Assistance, employing 57,057 workers. The next-largest sectors in the region are Retail Trade (40,849 workers) and Accommodation and Food Services (34,927). High location quotients (LQs) indicate sectors in which a region has high concentrations of employment compared to the national average. The sectors with the largest LQs in the region are Public Administration (LQ = 1.80), Finance and Insurance (1.60), and Utilities (1.40).

Total Workers for Midlands by Industry



Source: JobsEQ®
Data as of 2024Q3

Note: Figures may not sum due to rounding.

Employment data are derived from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and imputed where necessary. Data are updated through 2024Q2 with preliminary estimates updated to 2024Q3.

Sectors in the Midlands with the highest average wages per worker are Utilities (\$106,339), Management of Companies and Enterprises (\$95,226), and Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services (\$88,443). Regional sectors with the best job growth (or most moderate job losses) over the last 5 years are Health Care and Social Assistance (+4,023 jobs), Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services (+3,803), and Transportation and Warehousing (+2,563).

Over the next 1 year, employment in the Midlands is projected to expand by 2,826 jobs. The fastest growing sector in the region is expected to be Health Care and Social Assistance with a +1.2% year-over-year rate of growth. The strongest forecast by number of jobs over this period is expected for Health Care and Social Assistance (+688 jobs), Accommodation and Food Services (+283), and Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services (+236).

Midlands, 2024Q3¹

NAICS	Industry	Current			5-Year History		1-Year Forecast				
		Empl	Avg Ann Wages	LQ	Empl Change	Ann %	Total Demand	Exits	Transfers	Empl Growth	Ann % Growth
62	Health Care and Social Assistance	57,057	\$65,603	0.98	4,023	1.5%	6,264	2,541	3,034	688	1.2%
44	Retail Trade	40,849	\$36,838	1.07	988	0.5%	5,668	2,343	3,238	87	0.2%
72	Accommodation and Food Services	34,927	\$22,197	1.03	-152	-0.1%	6,495	2,646	3,566	283	0.8%
92	Public Administration	32,793	\$62,416	1.80	449	0.3%	3,123	1,204	1,800	119	0.4%
61	Educational Services	32,604	\$55,581	1.04	1,632	1.0%	3,212	1,383	1,672	157	0.5%
31	Manufacturing	26,559	\$74,275	0.86	1,865	1.5%	2,809	987	1,693	128	0.5%
56	Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	26,288	\$41,461	1.11	-803	-0.6%	3,169	1,193	1,795	181	0.7%
52	Finance and Insurance	24,479	\$85,420	1.60	2,056	1.8%	2,169	775	1,247	148	0.6%
54	Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	21,245	\$88,443	0.75	3,803	4.0%	1,950	635	1,078	236	1.1%
81	Other Services (except Public Administration)	19,674	\$40,941	1.19	925	1.0%	2,412	915	1,323	173	0.9%
23	Construction	17,637	\$64,803	0.76	629	0.7%	1,686	557	953	176	1.0%
48	Transportation and Warehousing	16,025	\$52,749	0.83	2,563	3.5%	1,921	706	1,036	179	1.1%
42	Wholesale Trade	13,827	\$86,032	0.95	697	1.0%	1,474	515	866	92	0.7%
53	Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	6,639	\$63,785	0.96	119	0.4%	680	281	354	46	0.7%
71	Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	5,773	\$24,695	0.72	173	0.6%	912	339	511	62	1.1%
51	Information	4,906	\$71,428	0.65	-1,104	-4.0%	453	155	270	28	0.6%
22	Utilities	2,827	\$106,339	1.40	-951	-5.6%	222	91	155	-24	-0.9%
55	Management of Companies and Enterprises	2,733	\$95,226	0.45	-887	-5.5%	264	86	144	34	1.2%
11	Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	2,015	\$50,610	0.43	-386	-3.4%	256	117	130	9	0.5%
21	Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	295	\$88,327	0.21	11	0.7%	30	9	18	3	1.0%
99	Unclassified	1	\$85,953	0.00	-5	-32.4%	0	0	0	0	0.9%
Total - All Industries		389,152	\$57,960	1.00	15,645	0.8%	45,115	17,407	24,882	2,826	0.7%

Source: [JobsEQ®](#)

Data as of 2024Q3

Note: Figures may not sum due to rounding.

1. All data based upon a four-quarter moving average

Exits and transfers are approximate estimates based upon occupation separation rates.

Employment data are derived from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and imputed where necessary. Data are updated through 2024Q2 with preliminary estimates updated to 2024Q3. Forecast employment growth uses national projections adapted for regional growth patterns.

Occupation Snapshot

The largest major occupation group in the Midlands is Office and Administrative Support Occupations, employing 52,480 workers. The next-largest occupation groups in the region are Sales and Related Occupations (36,756 workers) and Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations (33,956). High location quotients (LQs) indicate occupation groups in which a region has high concentrations of employment compared to the national average. The major groups with the largest LQs in the region are Legal Occupations (LQ = 1.52), Protective Service Occupations (1.49), and Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations (1.18).

Occupation groups in the Midlands with the highest average wages per worker are Management Occupations (\$117,700), Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations (\$99,800), and Legal Occupations (\$96,300). The unemployment rate in the region varied among the major groups from 1.3% among Legal Occupations to 7.2% among Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Occupations.

Over the next 1 year, the fastest growing occupation group in the Midlands is expected to be Healthcare Support Occupations with a +1.6% year-over-year rate of growth. The strongest forecast by number of jobs over this period is expected for Transportation and Material Moving Occupations (+314 jobs) and Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations (+313). Over the same period, the highest separation demand (occupation demand due to retirements and workers moving from one occupation to another) is expected in Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations (6,650 jobs) and Office and Administrative Support Occupations (5,840).

Midlands, 2024Q3¹

SOC	Occupation	Current					5-Year History			1-Year Forecast				
		Empl	Mean Ann Wages ²	LQ	Unempl	Unempl Rate	Online Job Ads ³	Empl Change	Ann %	Total Demand	Exits	Transfers	Empl Growth	Ann % Growth
43-0000	Office and Administrative Support	52,480	\$44,800	1.15	1,709	3.2%	2,398	-997	-0.4%	5,822	2,530	3,310	-18	0.0%
41-0000	Sales and Related	36,756	\$47,900	1.08	1,732	4.5%	3,653	68	0.0%	4,869	2,036	2,736	98	0.3%
35-0000	Food Preparation and Serving Related	33,956	\$29,300	1.06	1,936	6.0%	2,180	260	0.2%	6,923	2,864	3,786	273	0.8%
53-0000	Transportation and Material Moving	31,946	\$43,300	0.95	1,746	5.6%	1,838	3,171	2.1%	4,479	1,602	2,564	314	1.0%
29-0000	Healthcare Practitioners and Technical	27,404	\$99,800	1.18	350	1.3%	5,245	2,248	1.7%	1,866	802	750	313	1.1%
11-0000	Management	25,962	\$117,700	0.86	519	1.8%	3,442	3,666	3.1%	2,341	692	1,370	279	1.1%
13-0000	Business and Financial Operations	22,580	\$78,300	0.90	671	2.6%	2,298	2,752	2.6%	2,041	640	1,192	210	0.9%
25-0000	Educational Instruction and Library	20,346	\$63,000	0.97	463	2.2%	1,508	784	0.8%	1,899	838	941	120	0.6%
51-0000	Production	19,598	\$49,000	0.93	1,030	5.2%	719	51	0.1%	2,245	803	1,379	62	0.3%
31-0000	Healthcare Support	16,589	\$35,700	0.92	524	3.3%	900	1,719	2.2%	2,616	1,047	1,310	260	1.6%
49-0000	Installation, Maintenance, and Repair	15,921	\$55,600	1.05	403	2.8%	1,611	465	0.6%	1,558	580	839	139	0.9%
47-0000	Construction and Extraction	13,091	\$51,900	0.75	648	5.1%	666	-29	0.0%	1,262	421	706	135	1.0%
33-0000	Protective Service	12,460	\$46,400	1.49	407	3.5%	436	-372	-0.6%	1,420	536	826	58	0.5%
37-0000	Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance	11,749	\$35,800	0.92	552	4.9%	658	-601	-1.0%	1,704	705	910	89	0.8%
15-0000	Computer and Mathematical	10,252	\$95,800	0.83	332	2.6%	1,640	934	1.9%	741	232	379	130	1.3%
39-0000	Personal Care and Service	9,811	\$35,900	0.98	498	5.0%	347	468	1.0%	1,843	660	1,076	106	1.1%
21-0000	Community and Social Service	7,989	\$54,200	1.11	206	2.4%	1,228	128	0.3%	801	305	413	83	1.0%

Midlands, 2024Q3¹

SOC	Occupation	Current					5-Year History			1-Year Forecast				
		Empl	Mean Ann Wages ²	LQ	Unempl	Unempl Rate	Online Job Ads ³	Empl Change	Ann %	Total Demand	Exits	Transfers	Empl Growth	Ann % Growth
17-0000	Architecture and Engineering	5,724	\$92,300	0.93	118	1.8%	769	437	1.6%	437	144	245	47	0.8%
27-0000	Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media	5,504	\$60,000	0.78	230	3.4%	539	230	0.9%	580	220	319	42	0.8%
23-0000	Legal	4,898	\$96,300	1.52	61	1.3%	335	185	0.8%	330	122	181	27	0.5%
19-0000	Life, Physical, and Social Science	3,092	\$77,300	0.87	122	3.2%	507	238	1.6%	294	51	218	25	0.8%
45-0000	Farming, Fishing, and Forestry	1,045	\$38,300	0.46	80	7.2%	15	-162	-2.8%	167	64	99	4	0.3%
Total - All Occupations		389,152	\$58,600	1.00	14,336	3.6%	32,933	15,645	0.8%	46,270	17,895	25,548	2,826	0.7%

Source: [JobsEQ®](#)

Data as of 2024Q3 unless noted otherwise

Note: Figures may not sum due to rounding.

1. Data based on a four-quarter moving average unless noted otherwise.

2. Wage data represent the average for all Covered Employment

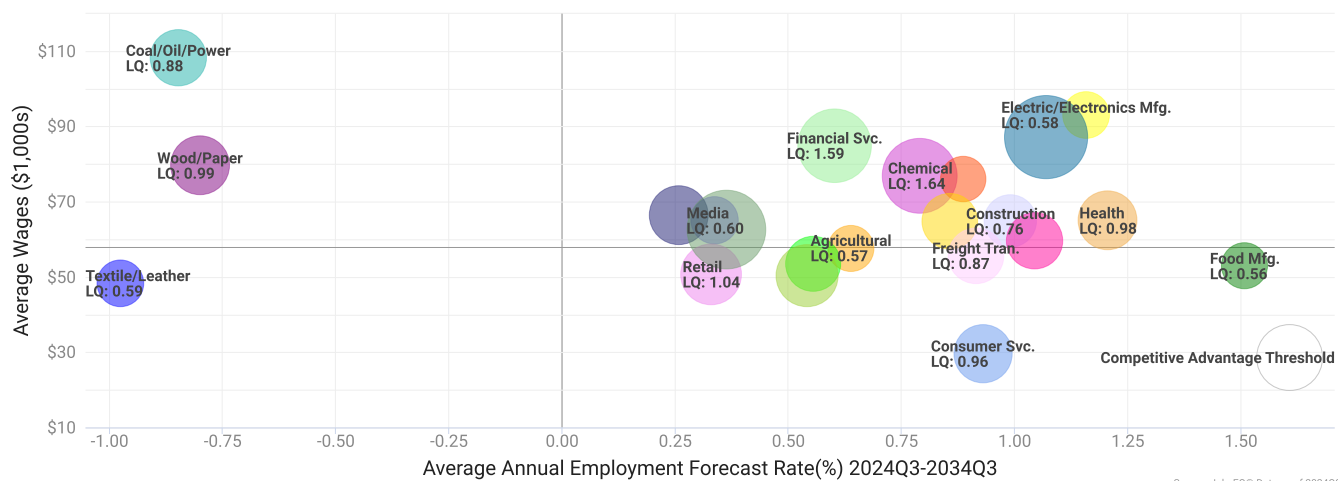
3. Data represent found online ads active within the last thirty days in the selected region. Due to alternative county-assignment algorithms, ad counts in this analytic may not match that shown in RTI (nor in the popup window ad list). Ad counts for ZCTA-based regions are estimates.

Occupation employment data are estimated via industry employment data and the estimated industry/occupation mix. Industry employment data are derived from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and currently updated through 2024Q2, imputed where necessary with preliminary estimates updated to 2024Q3. Wages by occupation are as of 2024 provided by the BLS and imputed where necessary. Forecast employment growth uses national projections from the Bureau of Labor Statistics adapted for regional growth patterns.

Industry Clusters

A cluster is a geographic concentration of interrelated industries or occupations. The industry cluster in the Midlands with the highest relative concentration is Pharmaceutical with a location quotient of 2.06. This cluster employs 1,691 workers in the region with an average wage of \$87,257. Employment in the Pharmaceutical cluster is projected to expand in the region about 1.1% per year over the next ten years.

Industry Clusters for Midlands as of 2024Q3

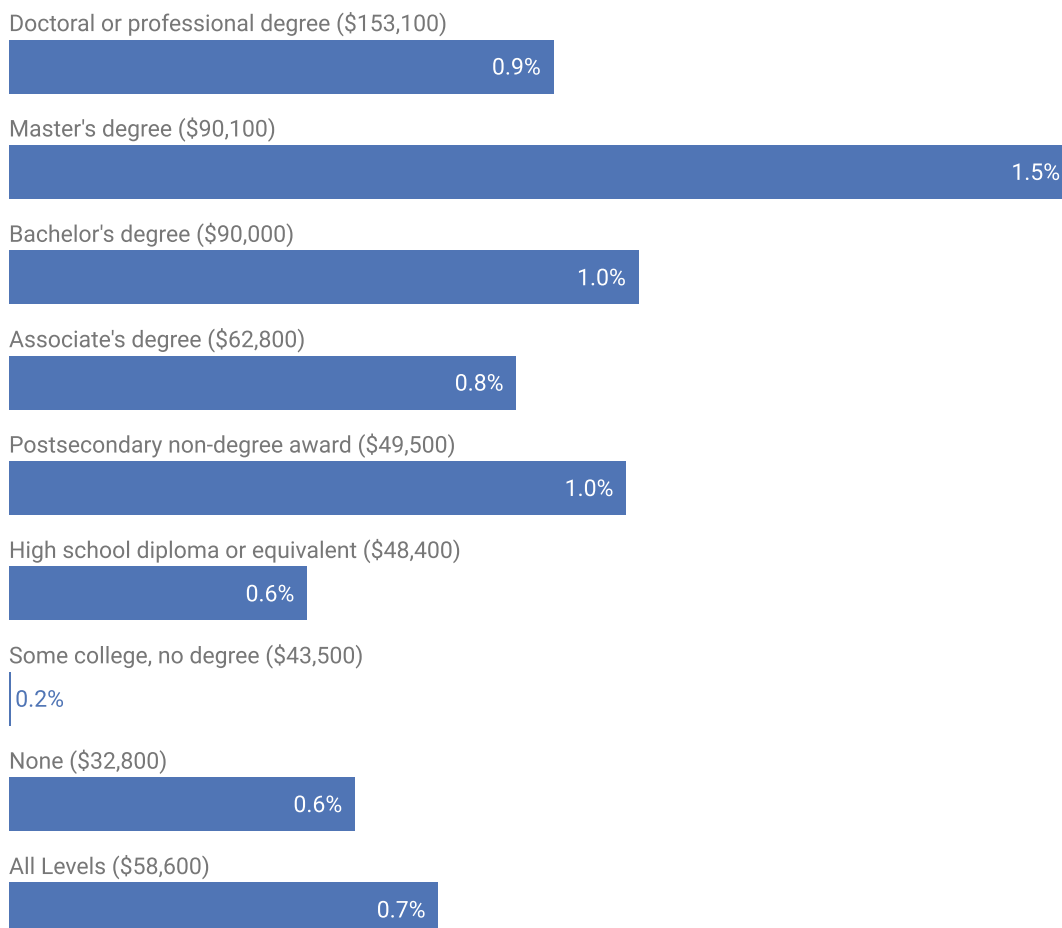


Location quotient and average wage data are derived from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, imputed where necessary, and updated through 2024Q2 with preliminary estimates updated to 2024Q3. Forecast employment growth uses national projections from the Bureau of Labor Statistics adapted for regional growth patterns.

Education Levels

Expected growth rates for occupations vary by the education and training required. While all employment in the Midlands is projected to grow 0.7% over the next ten years, occupations typically requiring a postgraduate degree are expected to grow 0.9% per year, those requiring a bachelor's degree are forecast to grow 1.0% per year, and occupations typically needing a 2-year degree or certificate are expected to grow 0.8% per year.

Annual Average Projected Job Growth by Education Levels

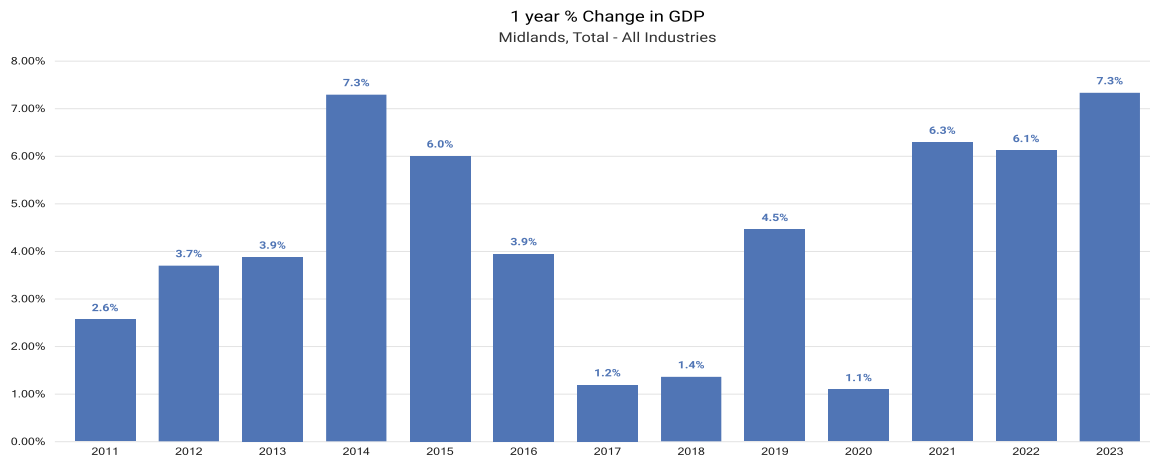


Source: JobsEQ®
Data as of 2024Q3

Employment by occupation data are estimates as of 2024Q3. Education levels of occupations are based on BLS assignments. Forecast employment growth uses national projections from the Bureau of Labor Statistics adapted for regional growth patterns.

Gross Domestic Product

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is the total value of goods and services produced by a region. In 2023, nominal GDP in the Midlands expanded 7.3%. This follows growth of 6.1% in 2022. As of 2023, total GDP in the Midlands was \$51,156,617,000.



Gross Domestic Product data are provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, imputed by Chmura where necessary, updated through 2023.

Of the sectors in the Midlands, Real Estate and Rental and Leasing contributed the largest portion of GDP in 2023, \$6,385,885,000. The next-largest contributions came from Health Care and Social Assistance (\$5,696,570,000); Finance and Insurance (\$4,511,615,000); and Manufacturing (\$4,091,177,000).

GDP (in \$ millions)

Midlands, 2023

Real Estate and Rental and Leasing (53)

\$6,386

Health Care and Social Assistance (62)

\$5,697

Finance and Insurance (52)

\$4,512

Manufacturing (31)

\$4,091

Public Administration (92)

\$3,735

Retail Trade (44)

\$3,589

Wholesale Trade (42)

\$3,579

Educational Services (61)

\$3,205

Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services (54)

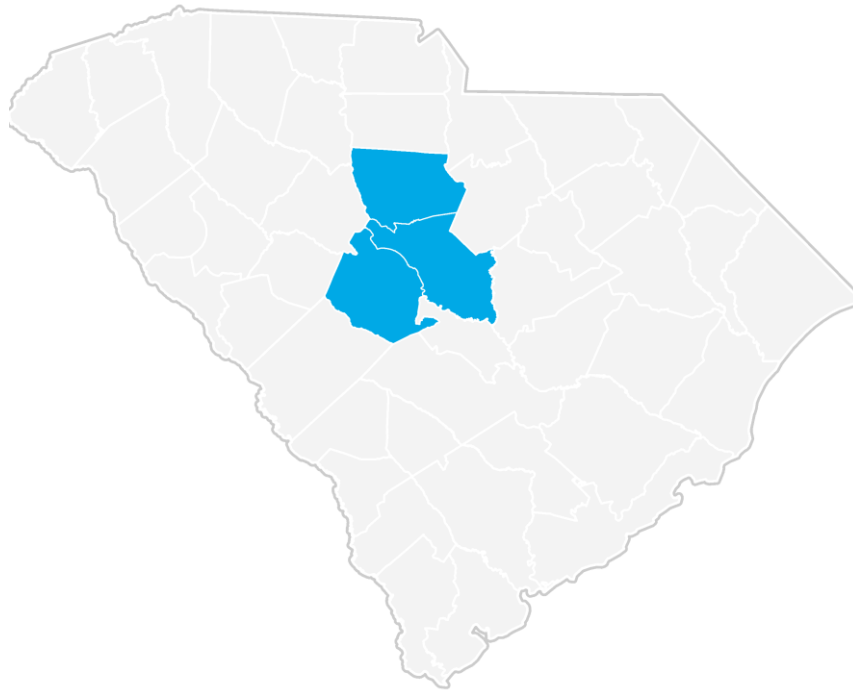
\$2,869

Construction (23)

\$2,073

Gross Domestic Product data are provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, imputed by Chmura where necessary, updated through 2023.

Midlands Regional Map



Region Definition

Midlands is defined as the following counties:

Fairfield County, South Carolina
Lexington County, South Carolina

Richland County, South Carolina

Central WIOA is defined as the following counties:

Aiken County, South Carolina
Allendale County, South Carolina
Bamberg County, South Carolina
Barnwell County, South Carolina
Calhoun County, South Carolina
Chester County, South Carolina

Fairfield County, South Carolina
Lancaster County, South Carolina
Lexington County, South Carolina
Orangeburg County, South Carolina
Richland County, South Carolina
York County, South Carolina

FAQ

What is a location quotient?

A location quotient (LQ) is a measurement of concentration in comparison to the nation. An LQ of 1.00 indicates a region has the same concentration of an industry (or occupation) as the nation. An LQ of 2.00 would mean the region has twice the expected employment compared to the nation and an LQ of 0.50 would mean the region has half the expected employment in comparison to the nation.

What is separation demand?

Separation demand is the number of jobs required due to separations—labor force exits (including retirements) and turnover resulting from workers moving from one occupation into another. Note that separation demand does not include all turnover—it does not include when workers stay in the same occupation but switch employers. The total projected demand for an occupation is the sum of the separation demand and the growth demand (which is the increase or decrease of jobs in an occupation expected due to expansion or contraction of the overall number of jobs in that occupation).

What is a cluster?

A cluster is a geographic concentration of interrelated industries or occupations. If a regional cluster has a location quotient of 1.25 or greater, the region is considered to possess a competitive advantage in that cluster.

What is the difference between industry wages and occupation wages?

Industry wages and occupation wages are estimated via separate data sets, often the time periods being reported do not align, and wages are defined slightly differently in the two systems (for example, certain bonuses are included in the industry wages but not the occupation wages). It is therefore common that estimates of the average industry wages and average occupation wages in a region do not match exactly.

What is NAICS?

The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) is used to classify business establishments according to the type of economic activity. The NAICS Code comprises six levels, from the “all industry” level to the 6-digit level. The first two digits define the top level category, known as the “sector,” which is the level examined in this report.

What is SOC?

The Standard Occupational Classification system (SOC) is used to classify workers into occupational categories. All workers are classified into one of over 804 occupations according to their occupational definition. To facilitate classification, occupations are combined to form 22 major groups, 95 minor groups, and 452 occupation groups. Each occupation group includes detailed occupations requiring similar job duties, skills, education, or experience.

About This Report

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